### **Federal Acquisition Regulation**

contract value is expected to exceed \$500,000.

- (c) The contracting officer shall insert the clause at 52.209-8, Updates of Information Regarding Responsibility Matters—
- (1) In solicitations where the resultant contract value is expected to exceed \$500.000; and
- (2) In contracts in which the offeror checked "has" in paragraph (b) of the provision 52.209–7.

[73 FR 21798, Apr. 22, 2008. Redesignated and amended at 75 FR 14065, Mar. 23, 2010]

### 9.105 Procedures.

#### 9.105-1 Obtaining information.

- (a) Before making a determination of responsibility, the contracting officer shall possess or obtain information sufficient to be satisfied that a prospective contractor currently meets the applicable standards in 9.104.
- (b)(1) Generally, the contracting officer shall obtain information regarding the responsibility of prospective contractors. including requesting preaward surveys when necessary (see 9.106), promptly after a bid opening or receipt of offers. However, in negotiated contracting, especially when research and development is involved, the contracting officer may obtain this information before issuing the request for proposals. Requests for information shall ordinarily be limited to information concerning (i) the low bidder or (ii) those offerors in range for award.
- (2) Preaward surveys shall be managed and conducted by the surveying activity.
- (i) If the surveying activity is a contract administration office—
- (A) That office shall advise the contracting officer on prospective contractors' financial competence and credit needs; and
- (B) The administrative contracting officer shall obtain from the auditor any information required concerning the adequacy of prospective contractors' accounting systems and these systems' suitability for use in administering the proposed type of contract.
- (ii) If the surveying activity is not a contract administration office, the contracting officer shall obtain from

the auditor any information required concerning prospective contractors' financial competence and credit needs, the adequacy of their accounting systems, and these systems' suitability for use in administering the proposed type of contract.

- (3) Information on financial resources and performance capability shall be obtained or updated on as current a basis as is feasible up to the date of award.
- (c) In making the determination of responsibility, the contracting officer shall consider information in FAPIIS (see 9.104–6), including information that is linked to FAPIIS such as from the Excluded Parties List System (EPLS) and the Past Performance Information Retrieval System (PPIRS), and any other relevant past performance information (see 9.104–1(c) and subpart 42.15). In addition, the contracting officer should use the following sources of information to support such determinations:
- (1) Records and experience data, including verifiable knowledge of personnel within the contracting office, audit offices, contract administration offices, and other contracting offices.
- (2) The prospective contractor—including bid or proposal information (including the certification at 52.209–5 or 52.212–3(h) (see 9.104–5)), questionnaire replies, financial data, information on production equipment, and personnel information.
- (3) Commercial sources of supplier information of a type offered to buyers in the private sector.
- (4) Preaward survey reports (see 9.106).
- (5) Other sources such as publications; suppliers, subcontractors, and customers of the prospective contractor; financial institutions; Government agencies; and business and trade associations.
- (d) Contracting offices and cognizant contract administration offices that become aware of circumstances casting doubt on a contractor's ability to perform contracts successfully shall

#### 9.105-2

promptly exchange relevant informa-

[48 FR 42142, Sept. 19, 1983, as amended at 51 FR 27119, July 29, 1986; 52 FR 9038, Mar. 20, 1987; 54 FR 19813, May 8, 1989; 60 FR 16718, Mar. 31, 1995; 60 FR 33065, June 26, 1995; 61 FR 39201, July 26, 1996; 69 FR 76349, Dec. 20, 2004; 73 FR 21798, Apr. 22, 2008; 74 FR 31560, July 1, 2009; 75 FR 14066, Mar. 23, 2010]

# 9.105-2 Determinations and documentation.

- (a) Determinations. (1) The contracting officer's signing of a contract constitutes a determination that the prospective contractor is responsible with respect to that contract. When an offer on which an award would otherwise be made is rejected because the prospective contractor is found to be nonresponsible, the contracting officer shall make, sign, and place in the contract file a determination of nonresponsibility, which shall state the basis for the determination.
- (2) If the contracting officer determines that a responsive small business lacks certain elements of responsibility, the contracting officer shall comply with the procedures in subpart 19.6. When a Certificate of Competency is issued for a small business concern (see subpart 19.6), the contracting officer shall accept the Small Business Administration's decision to issue a Certificate of Competency and award the contract to the concern.
- (b) Support documentation. (1) Documents and reports supporting a determination of responsibility or non-responsibility, including any preaward survey reports, the use of FAPIIS information (see 9.104-6), and any applicable Certificate of Competency, must be included in the contract file.
- (2)(i) The contracting officer shall document the determination of non-responsibility in FAPIIS (available at www.cpars.csd.disa.mil, then select FAPIIS) if—
- (A) The contract is valued at more than the simplified acquisition threshold:
- (B) The determination of nonresponsibility is based on lack of satisfactory performance record or satisfactory record of integrity and business ethics; and

- (C) The Small Business Administration does not issue a Certificate of Competency.
- (ii) The contracting officer is responsible for the timely submission, within 3 working days, and sufficiency of the documentation regarding the non-responsibility determination.

[48 FR 42142, Sept. 19, 1983, as amended at 75 FR 14066, Mar. 23, 2010]

## 9.105-3 Disclosure of preaward information.

- (a) Except as provided in subpart 24.2, Freedom of Information Act, information (including the preaward survey report) accumulated for purposes of determining the responsibility of a prospective contractor shall not be released or disclosed outside the Government.
- (b) The contracting officer may discuss preaward survey information with the prospective contractor before determining responsibility. After award, the contracting officer or, if it is appropriate, the head of the surveying activity or a designee may discuss the findings of the preaward survey with the company surveyed.
- (c) Preaward survey information may contain proprietary or source selection information and should be marked with the appropriate legend and protected accordingly (see 3.104-4).

[48 FR 42142, Sept. 19, 1983, as amended by 54 FR 20496, May 11, 1989; 62 FR 232, Jan. 2, 1997; 67 FR 13063, Mar. 20, 2002]

### 9.106 Preaward surveys.

# 9.106-1 Conditions for preaward surveys.

(a) A preaward survey is normally required only when the information on hand or readily available to the contracting officer, including information from commercial sources, is not sufficient to make a determination regarding responsibility. In addition, if the contemplated contract will have a fixed price at or below the simplified acquisition threshold or will involve the acquisition of commercial items (see part 12), the contracting officer should not request a preaward survey unless circumstances justify its cost.